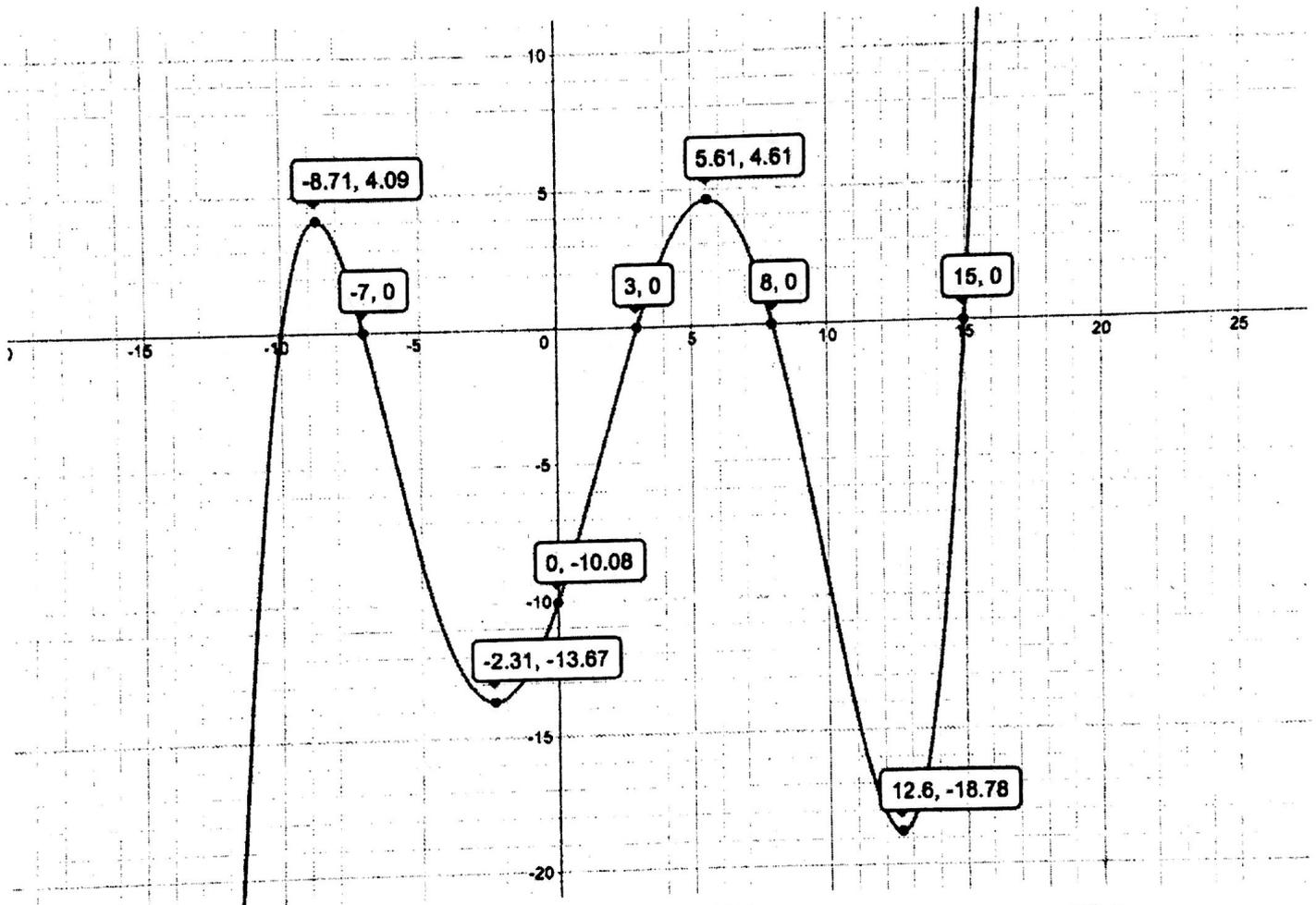


Unit 4A—Polynomial Functions Test Review

For the following graph, describe the key features listed below. Please use proper notation! ☺



Domain  $(-\infty, \infty)$  Range  $(-\infty, \infty)$  Degree 5 Leading Coefficient: positive or negative

Y-Intercept  $(0, -10.08)$  X-Intercept(s)  $(-10, 0)$   $(-7, 0)$   $(3, 0)$   $(8, 0)$   $(15, 0)$

Increasing Interval(s)  $(-10, -8.71) \cup [-2.31, 5.61] \cup [12.6, \infty)$

Decreasing Interval(s)  $[-8.71, -2.31] \cup [5.61, 12.6]$

End Behavior As  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  and As  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

Maximums and Minimums of the graph (please list as Absolute or Local):

NO Abs. Max (infinite)

$(-8.71, 4.09)$  local max  
 $(5.61, 4.61)$  local max

$(-2.31, -13.67)$  local min  
 $(12.6, -18.78)$  local min

Write a polynomial expression that fits the following description. \*Ans will vary

- A. Cubic Trinomial with a positive leading coefficient  $X^3 + 4X - 6$
- B. Quintic binomial with a negative leading coefficient  $-X^5 + 7X^3$
- C. Quartic polynomial with a negative leading coefficient  $-X^4 + 6X^3 + 5X^2 - 10$

For the following polynomials, identify the following key features. Then sketch its graph. Please make sure to label the x-axis of your graphs.

a.  $f(x) = -(x-3)(x-5)^2(x+4)^3$

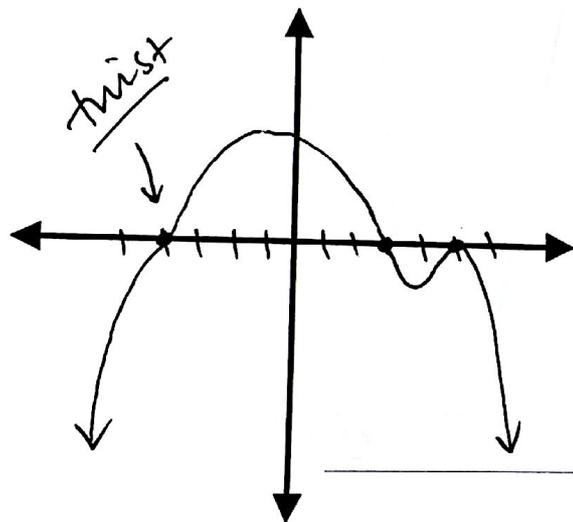
Degree 6

LC(+/-) -

End Behavior

As  $X \rightarrow -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$

As  $X \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$



b.  $f(x) = x^2(2x+4)^2(x-6)(x+5)^3$

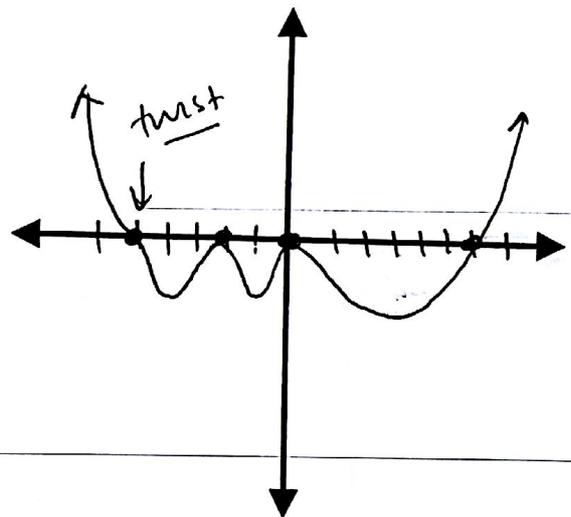
Degree 8

LC(+/-) +

End Behavior

As  $X \rightarrow -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

As  $X \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$



Use the following functions to complete the operations below.

$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 4$

$g(x) = x^3 - 4x$

$h(x) = -x^2 + 6$

a.  $f(x) + h(x)$

$x^2 + 2x - 4 + (-x^2 + 6)$   
 $x^2 + 2x - 4 - x^2 + 6$

$\boxed{2x + 2}$

b.  $g(x) - h(x)$

$x^3 - 4x - (-x^2 + 6)$   
 $x^3 - 4x + x^2 - 6$

$\boxed{x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 6}$

c.  $g(x) + h(x) - f(x)$

$x^3 - 4x + (-x^2 + 6) - (x^2 + 2x - 4)$   
 $x^3 - 4x - x^2 + 6 - x^2 - 2x + 4$

$\boxed{x^3 - 2x^2 - 6x + 10}$

d.  $f(x) \cdot h(x)$

$(x^2 + 2x - 4)(-x^2 + 6)$

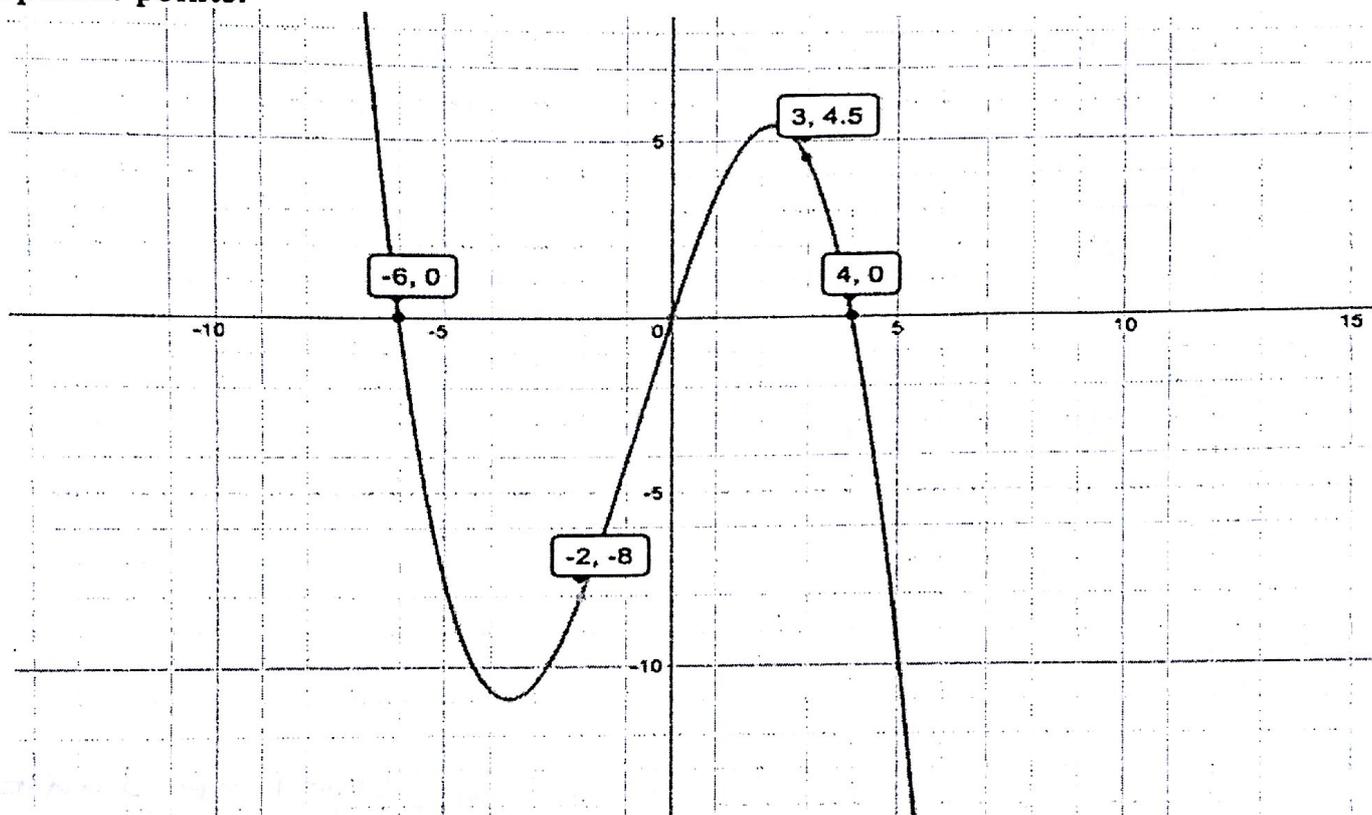
$-x^4 + 6x^2 - 2x^3 + 12x + 4x^2 - 24$   
 $\boxed{-x^4 - 2x^3 + 10x^2 + 12x - 24}$

e.  $g(x) \cdot h(x)$

$\hookrightarrow (x^3 - 4x)(-x^2 + 6)$

$-x^5 + 6x^3 + 4x^3 - 24x = \boxed{-x^5 + 10x^3 - 24x}$

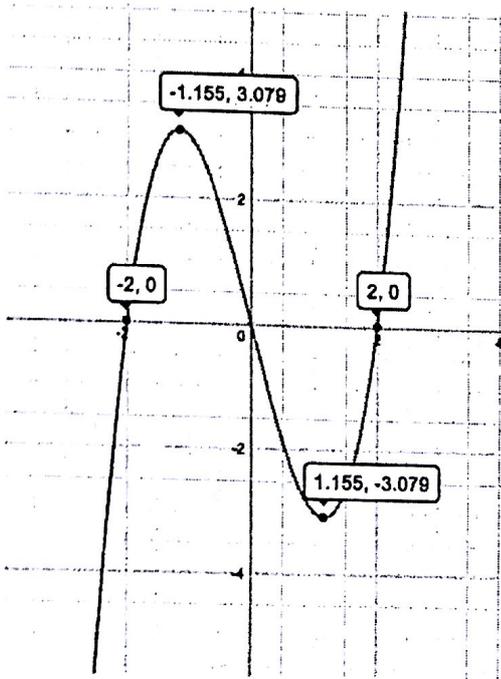
The graph of the parent function  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{6}x(x-4)(x+6)$  is shown. Complete the table below to describe the effects of the given transformation to the entire function and to specific points.



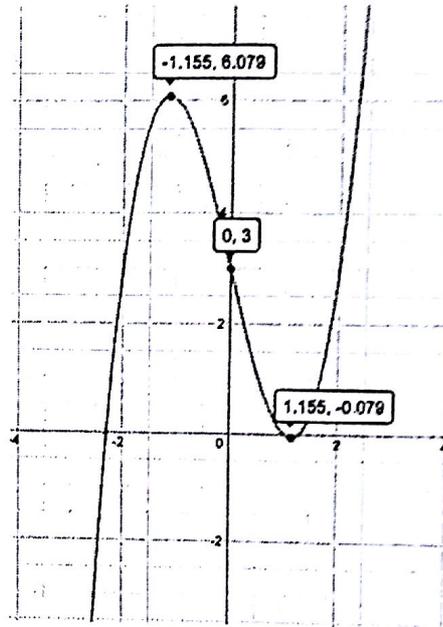
Transformation Equation	Written Description of Change	Change to x-coordinate	Change to y-coordinate	New coordinates for the point (-2, -8)	New coordinates for the point (4, 0)
1. $y = f(x) + 6$	Shift up 6 units	none	add 6	(-2, -2)	(4, 6)
2. $y = f(x - 2)$	Shift right 2 units	add 2	none	(0, -8)	(6, 0)
3. $y = -f(x)$	reflect over x-axis	none	change sign	(-2, 8)	(4, 0)
4. $y = f(-x)$	reflect over y-axis	change sign	none	(2, -8)	(-4, 0)
5. $y = 3f(x)$	vertical stretch by factor of 3	none	multiply by 3	(-2, -24)	(4, 0)
6. $y = f(\frac{1}{4}x)$	horizontal stretch by factor of 1/4	divide by 1/4	none	(-8, -8)	(16, 0)

The graph of the parent function,  $f(x)$ , is shown below. For the following graphs, please describe the transformation of the parent function in words and in notation form.

Graph of  $f(x)$



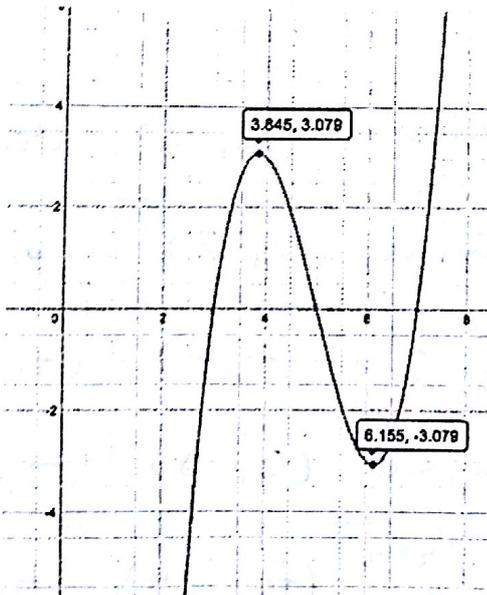
a.



Transformation: Shift up 3 units

Notation form:  $f(x) + 3$

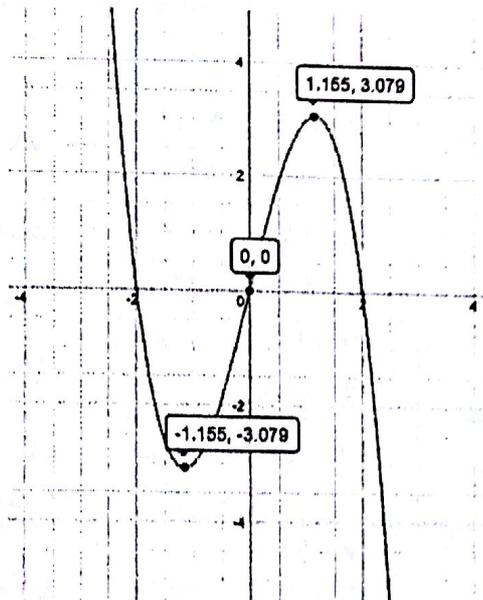
b.



Transformation: Shift right 5 units

Notation form:  $f(x-5)$

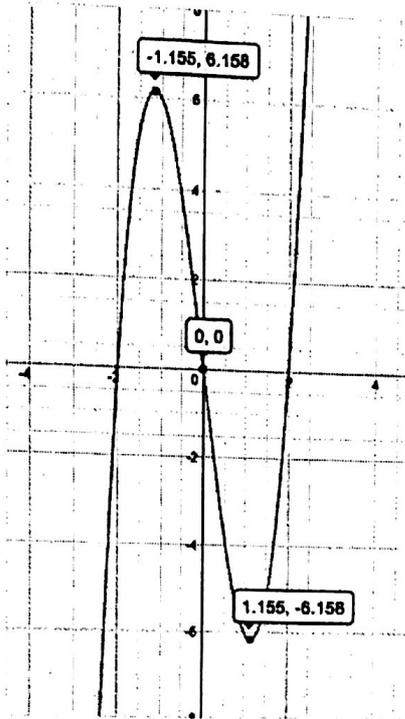
c.



Transformation: Reflection over x-axis

Notation form:  $-f(x)$  or  $f(-x)$  <sup>or</sup> y-axis

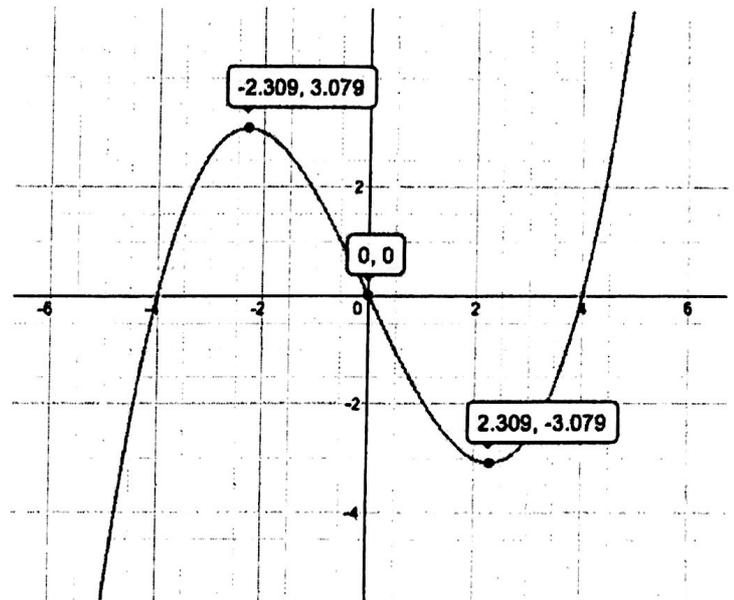
d.



Transformation: Vertical stretch

Notation form:  $2f(x)$

e.



Transformation: Horizontal stretch

Notation form:  $f(\frac{1}{2}x)$